

Safety Data Sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

JANSEN

Article No.: 33-330
Print date 09.02.2026
Version 73.10

Imprägnierlasur
Revision date 28.08.2025
Issue date 28.08.2025

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier): 33-330
Trade name/designation: Imprägnierlasur
kiefer
seidenglänzend
UFI: 2GNK-1JS5-9G0S-F316

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier (manufacturer/importer/only representative/downstream user/distributor)

P.A. Jansen GmbH u. Co., KG
Hochstadenstraße 22 Telephone: +49 2641 3897-0
D-53474 Bad Neuenahr-Ahrweiler Homepage: www.jansen.de

Department responsible for information:

laboratory
E-mail (competent person) sicherheitsdatenblatt@jansen.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +49 2641 3897-51
Only available during office hours.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms



Warning

Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection/face protection.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard components for labelling

2-octyl-2H-isothiazole-3-one
Terbutryn

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Description Alkyd resin thin glaze

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No.	REACH No.
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CAS No. Index No.	Designation classification: // Remark	weight-%
918-481-9	01-2119457273-39 Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / EUH066	70 - 100
203-572-1 108-32-7 607-194-00-1	01-2119537232-48 Propylene carbonate Eye Irrit. 2 H319	1,5 - 2
212-950-5 886-50-0	Terbutryn Acute Tox. 4 H302 / Skin Sens. 1B H317 / Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M = 100) / Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M = 100) Specific concentration limit (SCL): Skin Sens. 1 H317 >= 3	0,0036 - 0,036
247-761-7 26530-20-1 613-112-00-5	01-2120768921-45 2-octyl-2H-isothiazole-3-one Acute Tox. 2 H330 / Acute Tox. 3 H311 / Acute Tox. 3 H301 / Skin Corr. 1 H314 / Eye Dam. 1 H318 / Skin Sens. 1A H317 / Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M = 100) / Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M = 100) / EUH071 Specific concentration limit (SCL): Skin Sens. 1A H317 >= 0,0015 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): ATE (oral): 125 mg/kg bw / ATE (dermal): 311 mg/kg bw / ATE (inhalation, dust/mist): 0,27 mg/L	0,0036 - 0,036

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground

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or waterways. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Further information

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 5 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics
EC No. 918-481-9

WEL, TWA: 800 mg/m³

Remark: (> or = C7, Cycloalkanes)

WEL, TWA: 1200 mg/m³

Remark: (alkanes >= C7)

Additional information

TWA : Long-term occupational exposure limit value

STEL : short-term occupational exposure limit value

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Ceiling : peak limitation

DNEL:

Propylene carbonate

Index No. 607-194-00-1 / EC No. 203-572-1 / CAS No. 108-32-7

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 20 mg/kg

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 20 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 70,5 mg/m³

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 10 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 10 mg/kg

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 10 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 17,4 mg/m³

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

EC No. 918-481-9

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 300 mg/kg

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 300 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 300 mg/kg

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 900 mg/m³

PNEC:

Propylene carbonate

Index No. 607-194-00-1 / EC No. 203-572-1 / CAS No. 108-32-7

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,9 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,09 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 9 mg/L

PNEC, soil: 0,81 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 7400 mg/L

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number. Observe the wear time limits as specified by the manufacturer. Recommended respiratory protection articles: Inadequately ventilated workplaces and spraying procedures are necessary. Fresh air mask or short-time work combination filter A2-P2 are recommended.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm ; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

Body protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:

Liquid

Colour:

orange

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Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point:	-54 °C Source: Propylene carbonate
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	80 °C Source: Benzene
Flammability:	Combustible liquid.
Lower and upper explosion limit:	
Lower explosion limit:	0,6 Vol-% Method: literature value Source: Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics
Upper explosion limit:	7 Vol-% Method: literature value Source: Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics
Flash point:	> 61 °C Method: EN ISO 1523
Auto-ignition temperature:	231 °C Source: Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics
Decomposition temperature:	No data available
pH at 20 °C:	No data available
Kinematic viscosity (40°C):	> 20,5 mm²/s
Viscosity at 20 °C:	> 52 s 3 mm Method: EN ISO 2431
Solubility(ies):	
Water solubility at 20 °C:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	see section 12
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	0,6 mbar Source: Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics
Density and/or relative density:	
Density at 20 °C:	0,87 g/cm³ Method: DIN 53217
Relative vapour density:	No data available
particle characteristics:	not applicable
9.2. Other information	
Solid content:	24 weight-%
solvent content:	
Organic solvents:	76 weight-%
Water:	0 weight-%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Propylene carbonate

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 4951 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2-octyl-2H-isothiazole-3-one

Skin:

sensitising

Terbutryn

Skin, Mouse:

Method: OECD 429

sensitising.

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Aspiration hazard

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

Overall assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

Remark

There is no information available on the preparation itself .

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

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No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

There is no information available on the preparation itself .

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

12.1. Toxicity

Propylene carbonate

Fish toxicity, LC50, *Cyprinus carpio* (Common Carp): > 1000 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, *Daphnia magna*: > 1000 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, ErC50, *Desmodesmus subspicatus*: > 500 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Bacteria toxicity, EC50, *Pseudomonas putida*: 25619 mg/L (16 h)

2-octyl-2H-isothiazole-3-one

Fish toxicity, LC50, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (Rainbow trout): 0,036 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50: 0,42 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, *Scenedesmus subspicatus*: 0,084 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Bacteria toxicity, EC20, Activated sludge: 10,4 mg/L (30 min)

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Fish toxicity, LC50, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (Rainbow trout): > 1000 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, *Daphnia magna*: > 1000 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*: > 1000 mg/L

Method: OECD 201

Terbutryn

Fish toxicity, LC50, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (Rainbow trout): 1,9 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50: 6,4 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, *Scenedesmus subspicatus*: 0,0067 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Bacteria toxicity, EC20, Activated sludge: > 100 mg/L (3 h)

Method: OECD 209

Long-term Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Propylene carbonate

Algae toxicity, NOEC, *Desmodesmus subspicatus*: 900 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

2-octyl-2H-isothiazole-3-one

Fish toxicity, NOEC, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (Rainbow trout): 0,022 mg/L (28 d)

Method: OECD 210

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, *Daphnia magna*: 0,002 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, NOEC: 0,004 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Terbutryn

Fish toxicity, NOEC, *Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow): 0,073 mg/L (28 d)

Method: OECD 210

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, *Daphnia magna*: 0,05 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, NOEC, *Desmodesmus subspicatus*: 0,0005 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Propylene carbonate
Biodegradation: 83,5 - 87,7 % (29 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).
Method: OECD 301B

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics
Biodegradation: 80 % (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)
Method: OECD 301F

Terbutryn
Biodegradation: < 1 %
Method: OECD 301F
Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Propylene carbonate
Log KOW: -0,41

2-octyl-2H-isothiazole-3-one
Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log P O/W):: 2,92
Method: OECD 117

Terbutryn
Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log P O/W):: 3,19
Method: OECD 117

12.4. Mobility in soil

Toxicological data are not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

Appropriate disposal / Package Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

This mixture is not classified as dangerous according to international transport regulations (ADR/RID, IMDG, ICAO/IATA).

14.1. UN number or ID number
No data available

14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
No data available

14.4. Packing group
No data available

14.5. Environmental hazards
Land transport (ADR/RID) No data available

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Marine pollutant No data available

14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

Further information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code -

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. No data available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Regulation (EU) No. 528/2012 on biocides

treated article

Treated goods: The mixture contains biocidal active ingredients.

2-octyl-2H-isothiazole-3-one

Terbutryn

Use

Main group 2: Preservatives

Product-type 7: Film preservatives

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive]

This product is not classified according to Directive 2012/18/EU.

Directive 2004/42/EC on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds

VOC product category: (Cat. A/f) ; VOC limit value: 700 g/l

Maximum VOC content of the product in a ready to use condition (in g/L): 700

National regulations

Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

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918-481-9	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics	01-2119457273-39
203-572-1 108-32-7	Propylene carbonate	01-2119537232-48
247-761-7 26530-20-1	2-octyl-2H-isothiazole-3-one	01-2120768921-45

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classification in section 3:

Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Tox. 4 / H302	Acute toxicity (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin Sens. 1B / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aquatic Acute 1 / H400	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Acute Tox. 2 / H330	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Fatal if inhaled.

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Acute Tox. 3 / H311	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Toxic in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 3 / H301	Acute toxicity (oral)	Toxic if swallowed.
Skin Corr. 1 / H314	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Eye Dam. 1 / H318	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1A / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Skin Sens. 1	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Calculation method.
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Calculation method.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit Value
BLV	Biological Limit Value
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
DIN	German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EAKV	European Waste Catalogue Directive
EC	Effective Concentration
EC	European Community
EN	European Standard
IATA-DGR	International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations
IBC Code	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
ICAO-TI	International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air
IMDG Code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LC	Lethal Concentration
LD	Lethal Dose
MAK	Maximum workplace concentration
MARPOL	Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN	United Nations
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Data sources

Data arise from reference works and literature.

Further information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.