# according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878



28-310 Article No.: Sprint 5

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier): 28-310 Trade name/designation Sprint 5

Isolierspray weiß

matt

UFI: 44EF-NJQS-PG0K-CSFG

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2.

#### Relevant identified uses:

Primer

## Uses advised against:

Aware of any other information

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Supplier (manufacturer/importer/only representative/downstream user/distributor)

P.A. Jansen GmbH u. Co., KG

Hochstadenstraße 22 Telephone: +49 2641 3897-0 D-53474 Bad Neuenahr-Ahrweiler Telefax: +49 2641 3897-28 Homepage: www.jansen.de

#### Department responsible for information:

laboratory

E-mail (competent person) sicherheitsdatenblatt@jansen.de

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +49 2641 3897-51

Only available during office hours.

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Extremely flammable aerosol. Aerosol 1 / H222 Aerosol

Aerosol 1 / H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Aerosol

Causes skin irritation. Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation

STOT SE 3 / H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-single exposure

Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2. Label elements

## Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### Hazard pictograms





## Danger

## **Hazard statements**

Extremely flammable aerosol. H222

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P210

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

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P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Hazard components for labelling

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane

#### Supplemental hazard information

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Without adequate ventilation, explosive atmosphere/gas mix may be created. Do not use in confined spaces. Only use the product for the intended purpose.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Description

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No. CAS No.	REACH No. Designation	weight-%
Index No.	classification: // Remark	Worgine 70
204-065-8	01-2119472128-37	
115-10-6	Dimethyl ether	35 - 50
603-019-00-8	compressed gas H280 / Flam. Gas 1 H220	
921-024-6	01-2119475514-35 Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / STOT SE 3 H336 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 / Flam. Liq. 2 H225	15 - 20
200-662-2	01-2119471330-49	
67-64-1 606-001-00-8	Acetone Flam. Lig. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	5 - 7
204-658-1	01-2119485493-29	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	3 - 5
607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	
236-675-5	01-2119489379-17	
13463-67-7 022-006-00-2	titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm]  Carc. 2 H351	3 - 5
205-500-4	01-2119475103-46	
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	1 - 1,5
607-022-00-5	Flam. Lig. 2 H225 / Eve Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	. 1,0
01-022-00-0	Fram. Eq. 2 11220 / Eye fint. 211019 / 0101 0E 011000 / E011000	

#### **Additional information**

Full text of classification: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

#### In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

#### Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

## After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

## Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

## Advices on safe handling

Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Ensure good ventilation / exhaustion at the workplace. Observe the exposure limits. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ensure good interior ventilation, especially at floor level (vapors are heavier than air).

## **Further information**

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.Container under pressure. Protect from direct exposure to sunlight and temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not open with force, even when empty.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

## Further information on storage conditions

Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Take care of instructions on label.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

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#### Occupational exposure limit values

Dimethyl ether

Index No. 603-019-00-8 / EC No. 204-065-8 / CAS No. 115-10-6

WEL, TWA: 766 mg/m3; 400 ppm WEL, STEL: 958 mg/m3; 500 ppm

Acetone

Index No. 606-001-00-8 / EC No. 200-662-2 / CAS No. 67-64-1

WEL, TWA: 1210 mg/m3; 500 ppm WEL, STEL: 3620 mg/m3; 1500 ppm

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Index No. 022-006-00-2 / EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7

WEL, TWA: 4 mg/m3 Remark: (respirable fraction) WEL, TWA: 10 mg/m3 Remark: (inhalable fraction)

Ethyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

WEL, TWA: 734 mg/m3; 200 ppm WEL, STEL: 1468 mg/m3; 400 ppm

#### Additional information

TWA: Long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

Ceiling: peak limitation

#### **DNEL:**

## Ethyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 63 mg/kg
DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 1468 mg/m³
DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1468 mg/m³
DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 734 mg/m³
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 734 mg/m³
DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 4,5 mg/kg
DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 37 mg/kg
DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 734 mg/m³
DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 734 mg/m³
DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 367 mg/m³

Acatona

Index No. 606-001-00-8 / EC No. 200-662-2 / CAS No. 67-64-1

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 367 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 186 mg/kg

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 2420 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 62 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 62 mg/kg

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Workers: 11 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 11 mg/kg

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 300 mg/m³

DNEL short-term oral (acute), Consumer: 2 mg/kg DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 2 mg/kg

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Consumer: 6 mg/kg

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DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 6 mg/kg DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 35,7 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 35,7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane

EC No. 921-024-6

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 300 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 2085 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 149 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 149 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 447 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm]

Index No. 022-006-00-2 / EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 700 mg/kg

#### PNEC:

#### Ethyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,24 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,024 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 1,65 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 1,15 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,115 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 0,148 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 650 mg/L

PNEC Secondary Poisoning: 200 mg/kg

## Acetone

Index No. 606-001-00-8 / EC No. 200-662-2 / CAS No. 67-64-1

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 10,6 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 1,06 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 21 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 30,4 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 3.04 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 29,5 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/L

### n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,18 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,018 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,36 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,981 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,0981 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 0,093 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 35,6 mg/L

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Index No. 022-006-00-2 / EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,184 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0184 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,193 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 1000 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 100 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 100 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/L

## **Exposure controls**

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

## Personal protection equipment

## Respiratory protection

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If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the weartime limits as specified by the manufacturer. Recommended respiratory protection articles: Inadequately ventilated workplaces and spraying procedures are necessary. Fresh air mask or short-time work combination filter A2-P2 are recommended.

#### Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

## Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

## **Body protection**

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

#### **Protective measures**

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: gaseous Colour: white

Odour: characteristic
Odour threshold: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: -142 °C

Source: Dimethyl ether

Initial boiling point and boiling range: -25 °C

Source: Dimethyl ether

Flammability: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Lower and upper explosion limit:

Lower explosion limit: 0,6 Vol-%

Method: literature value

Source: Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 %

n-hexane

Upper explosion limit: 24,4 Vol-%

Method: literature value Source: Dimethyl ether

Flash point: -42 °C

Method: EN ISO 1523

Ignition temperature in °C: 201 °C

Source: Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 %

n-hexane

Decomposition temperature: No data available

pH at 20 °C: No data available

Viscosity at °C: gasförmig

Solubility(ies):

Water solubility at 20 °C: insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12
Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 240 mbar

Source: Acetone

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Density and/or relative density:

Density at 20 °C:

Relative vapour density:

No data available

No data available

particle characteristics:

not applicable

9.2. Other information

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## **Acute toxicity**

Ethyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: 4934 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 29,3 mg/L (4 h) inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 22,5 mg/L (6 h)

Acetone

oral, LD50, Rat: 5800 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rat: > 15800 mg/kg

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 76 mg/L (4 h)

n-butyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: 10760 mg/kg

Method: OECD 423

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 14112 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 21 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm]

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 425

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat 3,43 - 5,09 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

#### Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Ethyl acetate

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eyes irritant.

Acetone Skin (4 h) eves. Rabbit.

Method: OECD 405 Irritating to eyes.

n-butyl acetate Skin (4 h)

Method: OECD 404 slightly irritant eyes, Rabbit Method: OECD 405 slightly irritant

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Ethyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness

Acetone

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness

n-butyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness

## Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

#### Overall assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No information available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

There is no information available on the preparation itself.

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ethyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 230 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna: 165 mg/L (48 h)

Bacteria toxicity, EC10, Pseudomonas putida: 2900 mg/L (16 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 5600 mg/L (72 h)

## Acetone

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 5540 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): > 100 mg/L (48 h)

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Algae toxicity, ErC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 7500 mg/L (96 h)

n-butyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas: 18 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 44 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 397 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Cell proliferation inhibition test

Bacteria toxicity, EC50: 356 mg/L (40 h)

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane

Fish toxicity, NOELR 1 - 10 mg/L Daphnia toxicity, NOELR 1 - 10 mg/L Algae toxicity, NOELR 10 - 100 mg/L

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 100 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, LC50, Daphnia magna: > 100 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 16 mg/L (72 h)

## Long-term Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ethyl acetate

Fish toxicity, NOEC, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): > 9,65 mg/L (32 d)

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 2,4 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus: > 100 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Bacteria toxicity, NOEC, Pseudomonas putida: 650 mg/L (16 h)

Acetone

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC: 2212 mg/L (28 d)

n-butyl acetate

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia magna: 23 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 105 mg/L (72 h)

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane

Fish toxicity, NOEC 1 - 10 mg/L Daphnia toxicity, NOEC 0,1 - 1 mg/L

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ethyl acetate

Biodegradation: > 70 % (20 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

Method: OECD 301D / EEC 92/69 annex V, C.4-E

Acetone

Biodegradation, Degree of elimination:: 91 % (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

Method: OECD 301B / ISO 9439 / EEC 92/69 annex V, C.4-C

n-butyl acetate

Biodegradation: 83 % (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

Method: OECD 301D/ EEC 92/69/V, C.4-E

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane

Biodegradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ethyl acetate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 0,68

Acetone

Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log P O/W):: -0,24

n-butyl acetate

Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log P O/W):: 2,3

Method: OECD 117

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Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log P O/W):: 3,4 - 5,2

#### **Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

Ethyl acetate

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 30

Acetone

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3

n-butyl acetate

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 15,3

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Bioconcentration factor (BCF), Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 19 - 352

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

n-butvl acetate

Surface tension:: 61,3 mN/m

Method: OECD 115

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Appropriate disposal / Product

#### Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

## List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

160504\* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

\*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

#### Appropriate disposal / Package

#### Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Aerosols, flammable

Sea transport (IMDG): AEROSOLS

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

2.1

14.4. Packing group

No data available

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID)

No data available

Marine pollutant

No data available

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

# according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

**Further information** 

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code D

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-D, S-U

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **EU** legislation

#### Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive]

Category: P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

Quantity 1: 150 t / Quantity 2: 500 t

#### **National regulations**

#### **Restrictions of occupation**

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	REACH No.
204-065-8	Dimethyl ether	01-2119472128-37
115-10-6	·	
921-024-6	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane	01-2119475514-35
200-662-2	Acetone	01-2119471330-49
67-64-1		
204-658-1	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29
123-86-4		
236-675-5	titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles	01-2119489379-17
13463-67-7	with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm]	
205-500-4	Ethyl acetate	01-2119475103-46
141-78-6		

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Full text of classification in section 3:

compressed gas / H280 Gases under pressure Contains gas under pressure; may explode if

heated.

Flam. Gas 1 / H220 flammable gases Extremely flammable gas. Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Flammable liquids Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Flammable liquids Highly flammable liquid and vapor Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Carc. 2 / H351 Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Aerosol 1 Aerosol On basis of test data.

Aerosol 1 Aerosol On basis of test data.

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Calculation method.

STOT SE 3 STOT-single exposure Calculation method.

# according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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Aguatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Calculation method.

## Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit Value

BLV Biological Limit Value CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging CMR Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

DIN German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard

DNEL Derived No-Effect Level

EAKV European Waste Catalogue Directive

EC Effective Concentration
EC European Community
EN European Standard

IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

IBC Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Air

IMDG Code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods ISO International Organization for Standardization

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

MARPOL Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN United Nations

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

## **Data sources**

Data arise from reference works and literature.

#### **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.