## according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878



Article No.: 15-1 Rostprimer

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier): 15-1
Trade name/designation Rostprimer grau

matt UFI: XS4J-QJ96-PG0J-KD13

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### Relevant identified uses:

Primer

### Uses advised against:

Aware of any other information

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

### Supplier (manufacturer/importer/only representative/downstream user/distributor)

P.A. Jansen GmbH u. Co., KG

Hochstadenstraße 22 Telephone: +49 2641 3897-0
D-53474 Bad Neuenahr-Ahrweiler Telefax: +49 2641 3897-28
Homepage: www.jansen.de

### Department responsible for information:

laboratory

E-mail (competent person) sicherheitsdatenblatt@jansen.de

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +49 2641 3897-51

Only available during office hours.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### 2.2. Label elements

### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

### **Hazard pictograms**





### Warning

### **Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Precautionary statements**

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P370 + P378.6 In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Hazard components for labelling

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

### Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

EUH208 Contains phthalic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3. Other hazards

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No information available.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

**Description** Alkyd resin primer

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No. CAS No. Index No.	REACH No.  Designation  classification: // Remark	weight-%
919-857-5	01-2119463258-33 Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	20 - 25
236-675-5 13463-67-7 022-006-00-2	01-2119489379-17 titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] Carc. 2 H351	7 - 8
918-481-9	01-2119457273-39 Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / EUH066	5 - 7
231-944-3 7779-90-0 030-011-00-6	01-2119485044-40 Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M = 1) / Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M = 1)	0,15 - 0,2
201-607-5 85-44-9 607-009-00-4	01-2119457017-41 phthalic anhydride Acute Tox. 4 H302 / STOT SE 3 H335 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Dam. 1 H318 / Resp. Sens. 1 H334 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): ATE (oral): 1530 mg/kg bw	0,1 - 0,15

## Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

### In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

### Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

### After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

### Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

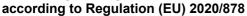
### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

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### Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

#### Reference to other sections 6.4.

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

### Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

### **Further information**

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

### Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 5 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

### Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limit values

Limestone

EC No. 215-279-6 / CAS No. 1317-65-3

WEL, TWA: 10 mg/m3

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Remark: (inhalable fraction)
WEL, TWA: 4 mg/m3
Remark: (respirable fraction)

Barium sulfate

EC No. 231-784-4 / CAS No. 7727-43-7

WEL, TWA: 10 mg/m3 Remark: (inhalable fraction) WEL, TWA: 4 mg/m3 Remark: (respirable fraction)

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Index No. 022-006-00-2 / EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7

WEL, TWA: 10 mg/m3 Remark: (inhalable fraction) WEL, TWA: 4 mg/m3 Remark: (respirable fraction)

phthalic anhydride

Index No. 607-009-00-4 / EC No. 201-607-5 / CAS No. 85-44-9

WEL, TWA: 4 mg/m3 WEL, STEL: 12 mg/m3

### **Additional information**

TWA: Long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

Ceiling: peak limitation

### DNEL:

Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Index No. 030-011-00-6 / EC No. 231-944-3 / CAS No. 7779-90-0

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 83 mg/kg
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 5 mg/m³
DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 0,83 mg/kg
DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 83 mg/kg
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 2,5 mg/m³

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

EC No. 918-481-9

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 300 mg/kg DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 300 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 300 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 900 mg/m³

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

EC No. 919-857-5

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 300 mg/kg
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1500 mg/m³
DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 300 mg/kg
DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 300 mg/kg
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 900 mg/m³

Barium sulfate

EC No. 231-784-4 / CAS No. 7727-43-7

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Workers: 10 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 10 mg/m³ DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 10 mg/m³ DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 13000 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 10 mg/m³

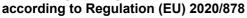
titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Index No. 022-006-00-2 / EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 10 mg/m³ DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 700 mg/kg

### PNEC:

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Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Index No. 030-011-00-6 / EC No. 231-944-3 / CAS No. 7779-90-0

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 20,6 µg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 6,1 µg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 117,8 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 56,5 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 35,6 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 µg/L

Barium sulfate

EC No. 231-784-4 / CAS No. 7727-43-7 PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,115 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 600,4 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 207,7 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 62,2 mg/L

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Index No. 022-006-00-2 / EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,184 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0184 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,193 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 1000 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 100 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 100 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/L

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

## Personal protection equipment

### Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number. Observe the weartime limits as specified by the manufacturer. Recommended respiratory protection articles: Inadequately ventilated workplaces and spraying procedures are necessary. Fresh air mask or short-time work combination filter A2-P2 are recommended.

### Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

### Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

### **Body protection**

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

### Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Colour: grey

Odour: characteristic Odour threshold: No data available

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Melting point/freezing point: < -20 °C

Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 %

aromatics

Source: Ethanol

78 °C Initial boiling point and boiling range:

Flammability: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower and upper explosion limit:

Lower explosion limit: 0,6 Vol-%

Method: literature value

Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 %

aromatics

Upper explosion limit: 7 Vol-%

Method: literature value

Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 %

aromatics

40 °C Flash point:

Method: EN ISO 1523

Auto-ignition temperature: 237 °C

Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 %

aromatics

No data available **Decomposition temperature:** 

pH at 20 °C: No data available Cinematic viscosity (40°C): > 20,5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Viscosity at 23 °C: 60 s 6 mm

Method: DIN 53211

Solubility(ies):

Water solubility at 20 °C: insoluble Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12 Vapour pressure at 20 °C: not checked

Density and/or relative density:

Density at 20 °C: 1,33 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Method: DIN 53217

Relative vapour density: No data available particle characteristics: not applicable

9.2. Other information

Solid content: 69 weight-%

solvent content:

Organic solvents: 31 weight-% Water: 0 weight-%

< 3 weight-% (ADR/RID) Solvent separation test:

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

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### 10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### **Acute toxicity**

phthalic anhydride

oral, LD50, Rat: > 1530 mg/kg

Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat: > 5,7 mg/L (4 h)

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 4951 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 18,5 mg/L (4 h)

Limestone

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Barium sulfate

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 425

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat 3,43 - 5,09 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

### Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Skin (4 h) mild irritant.

eyes

mild irritant.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

phthalic anhydride

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Irritation

Irritation to respiratory tract

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness

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Narcotic effects

### **Aspiration hazard**

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Aspiration hazard

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Aspiration hazard

### Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

### Overall assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

#### Remark

There is no information available on the preparation itself .

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No information available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

There is no information available on the preparation itself .

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50: 2,44 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 0,8 mg/L (72 h)

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 1000 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna: > 1000 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 1000 mg/L

Method: OECD 201

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 1000 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna: > 1000 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 1000 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Limestone

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 10000 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): > 1000 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus: > 200 mg/L (72 h)

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 100 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, LC50, Daphnia magna: > 100 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 16 mg/L (72 h)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Biodegradation: 80 % (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

Method: OECD 301F

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Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Biodegradation: 80 % (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

phthalic anhydride

Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log P O/W):: 1,6

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log P O/W):: 5 - 6,7

### **Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 10 - 2500

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Bioconcentration factor (BCF), Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 19 - 352

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Toxicological data are not available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### Appropriate disposal / Product

## Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

### List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

\*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

### Appropriate disposal / Package

### Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Paint Sea transport (IMDG): **PAINT** Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Paint

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Land transport (ADR/RID): Not goods of class 3

in containers > 450 I Class 3

Sea transport (IMDG) 3

for packages < = 450 litres Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code.

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

14.4. Packing group

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID) No data available Marine pollutant No data available

14.6. Special precautions for user

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Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

### **Further information**

### Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code D/E

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-E, S-E

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **EU** legislation

### Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive]

Category: P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Quantity 1: 5000 t / Quantity 2: 50000 t

### Directive 2004/42/EC on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds

VOC product category: (Cat. A/i); VOC limit value: 500 g/l

Maximum VOC content of the product in a ready to use condition (in g/L): 500

### **National regulations**

### Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

### For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	REACH No.
919-857-5	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics	01-2119463258-33
236-675-5 13463-67-7	titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]	01-2119489379-17
918-481-9	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2 % aromatics	01-2119457273-39
231-944-3 7779-90-0	Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	01-2119485044-40
201-607-5 85-44-9	phthalic anhydride	01-2119457017-41

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Full text of classification in section 3:

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Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.			
Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
Carc. 2 / H351	Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.			
Aquatic Acute 1 / H400	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.			
Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting			
		effects.			
Acute Tox. 4 / H302	Acute toxicity (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.			
STOT SE 3 / H335	STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin Irrit. 2 / H315	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.			
Eye Dam. 1 / H318	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.			
Resp. Sens. 1 / H334	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or			
		breathing difficulties if inhaled.			
Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			

## according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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### Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquids On basis of test data.

STOT SE 3 STOT-single exposure Calculation method.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit Value

BLV Biological Limit Value CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging CMR Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

DIN German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard

DNEL Derived No-Effect Level

EAKV European Waste Catalogue Directive

EC Effective Concentration
EC European Community
EN European Standard

IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

IBC Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Air

IMDG Code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods ISO International Organization for Standardization

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

MARPOL Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN United Nations

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

### Data sources

Data arise from reference works and literature.

### **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.